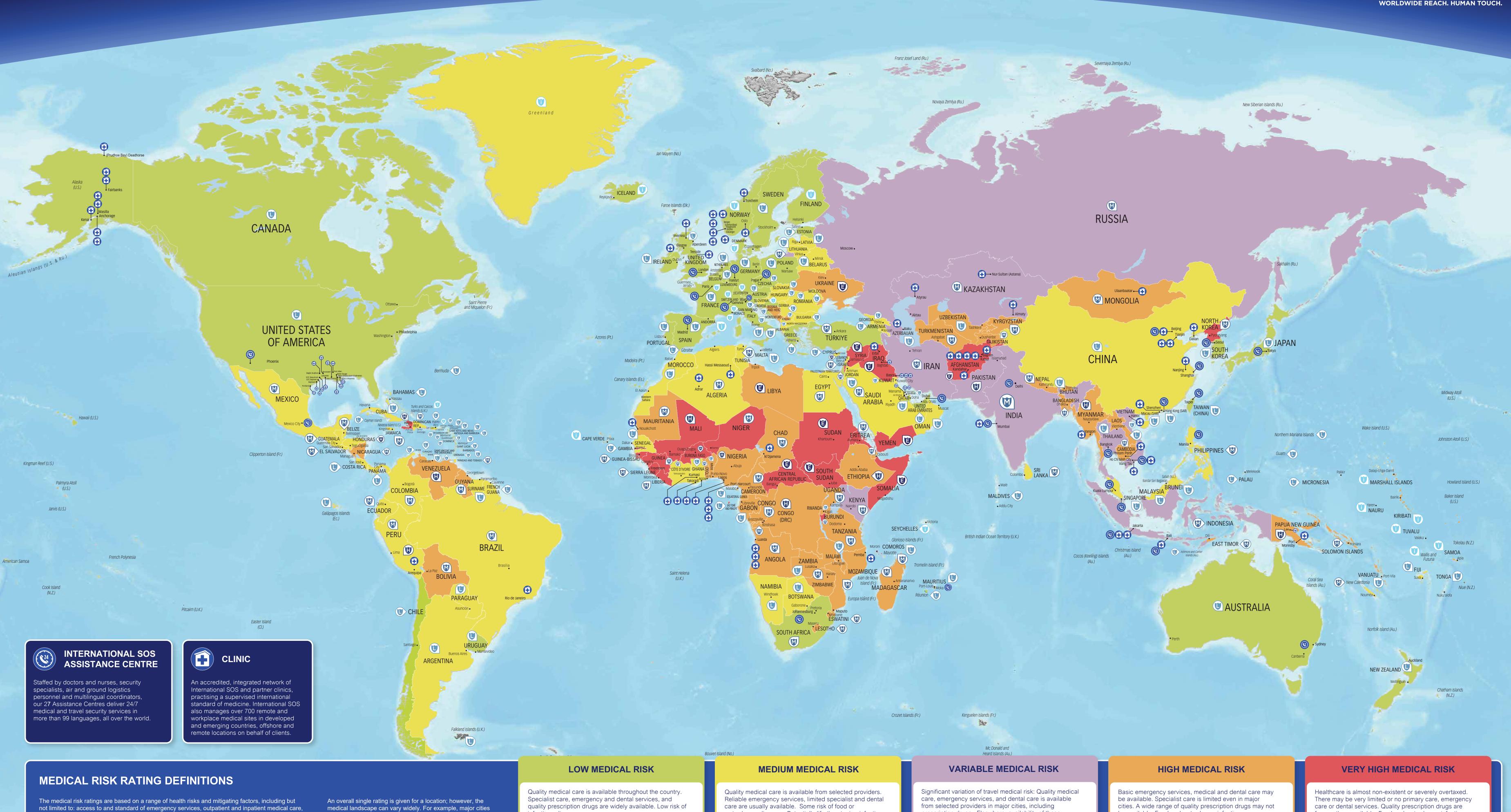
# RISK MAP 2025

Global health & security risks





### **SECURITY RISK RATING DEFINITIONS**

medical evacuation data, quality of pharmaceutical supplies, infectious disease risks, access to

improved water and sanitation, environmental risk factors linked to climate change, security risk

The security risk rating evaluates the threat posed to employees by political violence (including terrorism, insurgency, politically motivated unrest and war), social unrest (including sectarian, communal and ethnic

rating, and cultural, language or administrative barriers.

violence) as well as violent and petty crime.

Other factors, such as the robustness of the transport infrastructure, the state of industrial relations, the effectiveness of the security and emergency services and the country's susceptibility to natural disasters are also considered where they are of sufficient magnitude to impact the overall risk environment for employees.

health facilities and specialist care.

may have better access to quality medical care; whereas

remote or rural locations may have limited availability of

infectious diseases.

### INSIGNIFICANT SECURITY RISK

Rates of violent crime are very low. There is no significant political violence or civil unrest and little sectarian, communal, racial or targeted violence against foreigners. Security and emergency services are effective and infrastructure is sound. Transport services are of a high standard with good safety records and only occasional travel disruption. Industrial action affecting essential services is rare.

### LOW SECURITY RISK

water-borne diseases. Potentially life-threatening infectious

diseases such as malaria and typhoid may be present.

Violent crime rates are low and racial, sectarian or political violence or civil unrest is uncommon. If terrorism is a threat, groups have limited operational capabilities, and acts of terrorism are rare. Security and emergency services are effective and infrastructure is sound. Industrial action and transport disruption are infrequent.



diseases may vary.

## MEDIUM SECURITY RISK

prescription drugs. Elsewhere: availability of these

services may be limited. Similarly, exposure to food,

water-borne or potentially life-threatening infectious

Periodic political unrest, violent protests, insurgency and/or sporadic acts of terrorism occur. Travellers and international assignees may face risk from communal, sectarian or racial violence and violent crime. Capacity of security and emergency services and infrastructure varies. Industrial action can disrupt travel.



pose a threat.

# HIGH SECURITY RISK

be available. Food and water-borne infections are

common. Potentially life- threatening infectious diseases

such as malaria, typhoid and cholera may persistently

Protests are frequently violent and may target or disrupt foreigners; they may be exacerbated by governance issues, including security or law and order capacity. Violent crime and terrorism pose significant direct or incidental risks to travellers and international assignees. Communal, sectarian or racial violence is common and foreigners may be directly targeted. Certain parts of the country are inaccessible or off-limits to the traveller.



and large outbreaks may occur.

Government control and law and order may be minimal or non-existent across large areas. Serious threat of violent attacks by armed groups targeting travellers and international assignees. Government and transport services are barely functional. Large parts of the country are inaccessible to foreigners.

frequently unavailable. Food and water-borne infections are

common. Potentially life-threatening infectious diseases

such as malaria and cholera may be persistently present